Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

GERMANY.

Report from Magdeburg—Decrease in tuberculosis in Prussia—Work of service of hygiene of dwellings.

Vice-Consul Burrell reports, July 16:

From 1890 to 1906 there was an almost uninterrupted decrease in the number of deaths from tuberculosis, in absolute figures, as well as in relation to the number of inhabitants. While, in 1890, 84,086 deaths from tuberculosis were recorded, the number in 1906 was 64,459. As the population has increased during this period, the relative figures are more favorable. In 1890 there were for every 10,000 living, 28.35 deaths from tuberculosis; in 1906, 17.26.

The service of the hygiene of dwellings, as conducted by the medical officers of the districts, the police, and the health commissions, showed favorable results. Not only official bodies, but also private societies, building associations, etc., have done much to improve workingmen's homes, and among the working people themselves the appreciation of the value of sanitary dwellings is growing.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Puerto Barrios, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wailes reports:

Week ended July 29. Present officially estimated population, 250. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, not reported.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
July 26	José	New York	27	3		
27	Haakon VII	New Orleans	22			
29	Bertha	do	28	8		

HAWAII.

Reports from Honolulu—Examination of rats for plague infection.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Currie reports, July 11 and 18, through Chief Quarantine Officer Cofer:

Week ended July 11, 1908.

Rats trapped in Honolulu	478
Rats found dead in Honolulu	0
Total rats taken in Honolulu	478
Honolulu rats examined in this laboratory	417
Rats examined in Hilo under supervision of this laboratory	9
Total rats examined bacteriologically	426
Total rats destroyed	487

CLASSIFICATION OF RATS FROM HONOLULU.

Mus rattus	14
Mus norvegicus	101
Mus alexandrinus	77
Mus musculus	157
Total classified	478
Average number of traps set daily	720
Ounces of poison placed out (kind of poison used, barium carbonate)	48
Rats from Honolulu showing plague infection	0
Rats from Hilo showing plague infection	0

Week ended July 18.

Rats trapped in Honolulu	537
Rats found dead in Honolulu	0
Total rats taken in Honolulu	537
Total rats examined bacteriologically	292
Total rats destroyed	537
Classification of rats from Honolulu:	
Mus rattus	64
Mus norvegicus	111
Mus alexandrinus	111
Mus musculus	152
Total classified	438
Average number of traps set daily	720
Rats from Honolulu showing plague infection	0
Rats from Hilo showing plague infection	0

HONDURAS.

Report from Ceiba, fruit port—Sanitary measures resumed.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Jumel reports:

Week ended July 28. Present officially estimated population, 6,500. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. Many of the sanitary measures which were temporarily suspended during the active period of the revolution just concluded have been resumed.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
July 24	Joseph Vaccaro	34	2	2	0
26	Colombia	19	0	0	0
27	Marietta Di Giorgio	20	1	0	0
27	John Wilson	17	1	0	0

Report from Puerto Cortez, fruit port—Stegomyia calopus present.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ames reports:

Week ended July 25. Present officially estimated population, about 2,400. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country, very good. *Stegomyia calopus* present.